Company Registration Number: 04967658 (England & Wales)

GRACE ACADEMY

(A company limited by guarantee)

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

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REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

Members

Grace Foundation T Boxall Lord Edmiston Lady Edmiston

S Chase Trustees

T Boxali

Lord Edmiston (Chairman)

Lady Edmiston

I Baker

G Spicer

S Chase

C Staley (appointed 21 September 2016)

A Edmiston (appointed 14 December 2016)

Company secretary

T Boxall

Senior Management Team

Chief Executive Officer J Clarke (Accounting Officer)

Principal - GA Solihull D Gelder

Principal - GA Coventry D Gelder (Appointed 1 September 2016, Resigned 20 September 2017)

Principal - GA Coventry A Monga (Appointed 20 September 2017)

Principal - GA Darlaston C Salt
Director of Corporate Development J Wood
Chief Finance Officer M Ison

Company name

Grace Academy

Registered office

The Pavilion, Manor Drive, Coleshill, West Midlands, B46 1DL

Company registered number

04967658

Independent auditor

Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP, Black Country House, Rounds Green Road, Oldbury, West Midlands, B69 2DG

REFERENCE AND ADMINISTRATIVE DETAILS OF THE ACADEMY TRUST, ITS TRUSTEES AND ADVISERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

Advisers (continued)

Bankers

National Westminster Bank Plc, 1 St Philips Place, Birmingham, B3 2PP

Solicitors

Stone King, 16 St. John's Square, London, EC1M 4BS

Internal auditor

R Turton

(A company limited by guarantee)

TRUSTEES' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

The Trustees present their annual report together with the financial statements and auditor's report of the charitable company for the year 1 September 2016 to 31 August 2017. The Annual report serves the purposes of both a Trustees' report, and a Directors' report under company law. The trust operates 3 secondary academies in the Midlands.

STRUCTURE GOVERNANCE AND MANAGEMENT

Constitution

The Academy Trust is a charitable company limited by guarantee and an exempt charity. The charitable company's memorandum and articles of association are the primary governing documents of the Academy Trust.

The Trustees of Grace Academy are also the directors of the charitable company for the purpose of company law. The charitable company is known as Grace Academy.

Details of the Trustees who served during the year are included in the Reference and administrative details on page 1.

Members' liability

Each member of the charitable company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the charitable company in the event of it being wound up while they are a member, or within one year after they cease to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £10, for the debts and liabilities contracted before they ceased to be a member.

Trustees' and Governors' indemnities

The charitable company is covered for indemnity as part of the ESFA's Risk Protection Arrangement which provides cover for trustees and governors for liabilities arising from negligent acts, dishonesty, errors and omissions during the year.

Method of recruitment and appointment or election of Trustees

In accordance with our Articles of Association the principal sponsor, Grace Foundation, is allowed to appoint the majority of trustees. The Trust shall have up to nine sponsor trustees, a trustee from each academy Local Governing Body within the Trust, parent trustees (up to one per each total of ten sponsor academy trustees) and additional trustees up to a maximum equal to the total of all other trustees (sponsor, academy and parent) plus one.

Sponsor trustees may be appointed by the sponsor. Academy trustees should consist of the Chairman of each Academy Local Governing Body and parent trustees shall be appointed by parent members of the Local Governing Bodies of each academy within the Trust. Recruitment of new trustees is usually carried out on an "as required" basis. The "as required" basis could be either numerical or skills based depending on the Trust requirement.

The names of the trustees who held office and served during the year are listed on page 1.

(A company limited by guarantee)

TRUSTEES' REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

Policies and procedures adopted for the induction and training of Trustees

The training and induction provided for new trustees will depend on their existing experience and skill sets. All new trustees will have a welcome to the Trust meeting which will include a formal induction session part of which will be to identify additional training needs and agreement reached as to how the identified training needs can be fulfilled. Other specific areas for discussion will include educational, legal and financial matters plus a discussion as to how the member/trustee role fits into the "bigger picture".

Organisational structure

The trustees are responsible for setting strategic direction and policy for the Trust at a corporate level across the group of Academies. The trustees approve a Scheme of Delegation which covers key functions and levels of responsibility for Trustees, Local Governors and sub-committee members in terms of Governance and levels of responsibility for senior staff in terms of Leadership and Management.

The Grace Academy Governing Board is the main Governing Body across all Academies in the single Trust. It has sub-committees in each Academy where appropriate and these committees operate under a Scheme of Delegation which is reviewed and approved by the trustees.

The committees are:

- Local Governing Bodies. From 1 September 2014 the LGB will be only at Darlaston)
 these have a focus on teaching and learning including all educational matters within the academy;
- Academy Improvement Board (Solihull and Coventry) this is a mid-term group designed to bring specialist
 educational knowledge into the Trust and provide challenge to the Principal to enable rapid improvement of
 educational outcomes at each location;
- Standards and Improvement Committee at Darlaston this is primarily concerned about provision and outcomes for students;
- Finance Committee primary focus on finance, audit and risk;
- Personnel Committee primary focus on staff matters including equality, training, development and welfare:
- Staffing Committee used as and when required to manage matters regarding reorganisation or restructuring.

Local Governors and committee members are appointed in accordance with the articles of association to be responsible for the affairs of the company and the management of the Academies under the terms of the Scheme of Delegation along with senior staff.

Leadership and management across the Trust is delegated by Trustees to the Chief Executive Officer. The Chief Executive Officer is supported by the Principals, Director of Corporate Compliance and the Chief Finance Officer.

The leadership structure within each Academy consists of an Academy Leadership Team, which is led by the Principal and includes Vice Principals, Assistant Principals, Administration Manager and Finance Manager.

The Academy Leadership Team (ALT) is responsible for the day to day operation of the Academy, in particular organising the teaching staff, facilities and students. Some spending control is also devolved to Heads of Faculty or Department. The Chief Executive Officer is the Accounting Officer for the Trust.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

Arrangements for setting pay and remuneration of key management personnel

The Trust Board makes decisions regarding the setting of pay and remuneration of the key management personnel of the Trust. They consider directly the pay of the CEO on an annual basis. They delegate the appraisal and performance management of the Principals and Directors to the CEO who then makes recommendations to the Board regarding pay. It is the Board that makes the decisions regarding the pay and remuneration of these senior colleagues on an annual basis.

Related party relationships and other connected organisations

Grace Academy is one Trust with four trading names, Grace Academy, Grace Academy Solihull, Grace Academy Coventry and Grace Academy Darlaston.

The trust has the following relationships with Connected Charities and Organisations:

• Purchasing educational support services from Sponne School, an Academy rated "Outstanding" by Ofsted, and from Ash Education Consultants Limited.

For information relating to related parties and to the value of transactions associated with them please see the notes to the accounts.

OBJECTIVES AND ACTIVITIES

Objects and aims

The principal object and activity of Grace Academy is to advance, for the public benefit, education in the United Kingdom by establishing, maintaining, operating and developing secondary schools offering a broad curriculum with a strong emphasis on business and enterprise and their principal applications.

The Trustees confirm they have referred to the guidance contained in the Charity's Commission's general guidance on public benefit when reviewing the Trust's aims and objectives.

In accordance with the articles of association, the company has adopted a "Scheme of Governance" approved by the Secretary of State for Education. The Scheme of Governance specifies, amongst other things, the basis for admitting students each Academy location, the catchment areas from which the students are drawn and that the curricula should comply with the substance of the national curriculum with an emphasis on business and enterprise and their practical application.

The sole activity of the company is the operation of Academies, currently based in the following locations: Solihull, Coventry and Darlaston, to provide education for students of different abilities between the ages of 11 and 19 with an emphasis on business and enterprise. The main objectives of the Trust and its Academies are summarised below:

- · to raise the standard of educational achievements of all students;
- to ensure that every child enjoys the same high quality education in terms of resourcing, tuition, safeguarding and care;
- to improve the effectiveness of each Academy by keeping the curriculum and organisational structure under continual review;
- · to provide value for money for the funds expended;
- · to comply with all appropriate statutory and curriculum requirements;
- · to maintain close links with industry and commerce; and

TRUSTEES' REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

· to conduct our business in accordance with the highest standards of integrity, probity and openness.

Objectives, strategies and activities

Grace Academy's main strategy is encompassed in its vision statement is 'our vision is to develop well educated, considerate and caring citizens with a strong sense of values who will succeed and contribute to modern society'. The activities provided which place 'students at the heart' include:

- · wide ranging and innovative learning opportunities for all students and the community;
- · improvement in the achievement and the aspiration of students;
- · development opportunities for all staff;
- · developing strong and meaningful links with business in line with the Academies' specialism;
- · a programme of extended school and lifelong learning activities for students and the community; and
- a supportive and developmental ethos based on Christian values and standards to guide and develop the '
 whole person' and address the every child matters agenda.

Public benefit

The Trust has complied with its duty to have due regard to the guidance on public benefit as per Appendices GL49 of Charities SORP and section 17 of the Charities Act 2011.

"Public benefit entities are reporting entities whose primary objective is to provide goods or services for the general public or social benefit where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than with a view to providing a financial return to shareholders."

This is continually monitored by the Trust through its delegated committees.

Equal opportunities policy

The Trustees recognise that equal opportunities should be an integral part of good practice within the workplace. The Trust aims to establish equal opportunity in all areas of its activities including creating a working environment in which the contributions and needs of all people are fully valued.

Disabled persons

Lifts, ramps and disabled toilets are installed and door widths are adequate to enable wheelchair access to all main areas of the Trust. The policy of the Trust is to support recruitment and retention of students and employees with disabilities. The Trust does this by adapting the physical environment, by making support resources available and through training and career development.

Employee involvement

The organisation consults and shares information with employees via:

- · employee representatives
- regular staff briefings
- use of internal and external "gateways" and websites for posting policies and procedures for all to see and follow:
- posting minutes of Governing Board on the Trust's external website.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

STRATEGIC REPORT

Achievements and performance

Grace Academy Solihull

Grace Academy Solihull is a non-selective secondary school for pupils aged 11-18. It serves the community of Chelmsley Wood and the surrounding area and has its own admission policy. There is significant growth in student numbers as more and more parents are choosing to send their children to Grace Academy Solihull. It is now oversubscribed with more parents choosing it for their children than places available.

Overall, standards of achievement at the Academy have continued to improve tremendously during 2016-17. There has been significant improvement in core subjects in both English and mathematics where standards are well above national expectations. In English, over 80% of pupils gained a grade 4 or better at GCSE, likely to place these results in the top 10% nationally. Results for students in the Sixth Form have maintained the already high standard from the previous last few years.

An Ofsted inspection took place in March 2017 and the academy was judged to be good. This has been achieved due to rigorous improvement plans that have been strategically led by the relatively new Principal and the Academy Improvement Board that has been implemented on a temporary basis in place of the Local Governing Body. Significant progress has been made over the past three years with the quality of education now judged to be good overall and personal development and welfare to be outstanding.

Grace Academy Coventry

Grace Academy Coventry is a non-selective secondary school for pupils aged 11-18. It serves the community of North Coventry and has its own admission policy.

Overall, standards of achievement at the Academy made a significant improvement on the previous few years. Students achieved particularly well in English and in mathematics where outcomes have continued to rise. Many students are making good progress but this still remains an aspect in need of improvement to ensure consistency in all subject areas. The trend at A level is upwards over the past three years.

The Academy had an Ofsted inspection in January 2016 where it was judged to require improvement. This was extremely pleasing given that previously it had been in special measures. Tremendous hard work has taken place with the appointment of an Executive Principal in September 2016 who has helped to ensure improvements have continued and been accelerated during the past year. An Ofsted monitoring visit took place in October 2016 which noted the improvement that had taken place during the first four weeks of the new term.

Grace Academy Darlaston

Grace Academy Darlaston is a non-selective secondary school for pupils aged 11-18. It serves the community of Darlaston and some surrounding areas and has its own admission policy. There is significant growth in student numbers as more and more parents are choosing to send their children to Grace Academy Darlaston. It is expected to be full in Year 7 during 2017-18.

The overall achievement of students in the Academy improved significantly in 2017 following year-on-year improvements over the past few years. Standards in English and mathematics have held up and improved with the new, more challenging, examination specifications. Rates of progress have improved throughout the Academy. Results for students in the Sixth Form have improved significantly over the past three years and were extremely high in 2017, likely to be placing the school in the top 10% nationally.

The Academy had an Ofsted inspection in May 2017 where it was judged to be good. This is a remarkable achievement and reflects the hard work that has taken place over the past few years. The inspection team

TRUSTEES' REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

recognised the tremendous improvement that has taken place in all aspects judging all areas to be good including teaching and learning, behaviour and leadership and management.

Key Performance Indicators

GCSE Performance Measures 2017:

	Grace Academy Coventry	Grace Academy Darlaston	Grace Academy Solihull
Attainment 8	40.2	42.24	47.27
Progress 8	-0.4	0.20	-0.15
G4-9 English & Maths	48%	48%	57%
EBacc Achievement	2%	6%	0%
EBacc Entered	25%	9%	0%
Pupil Destinations	88%	85%	84%

Going concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the Board of Trustees has a reasonable expectation that the Academy Trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the Accounting Policies.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

Financial review

Most of the Trust's income is obtained from the ESFA in the form of grants, the use of which is restricted to particular purposes. The grants received from the ESFA during the year ended 31 August 2017 and the associated expenditure are shown as restricted funds in the statement of financial activities.

During the year ended 31 August 2017, total expenditure was £18,797,000 (2016: £18,037,000). Included in this expenditure was depreciation of £2,760,000 (2016: £2,697,000) and a charge of £178,000 (2016: £114,000) relating to adjustments for pension costs charged to current expenditure. If these two items were eliminated then recurrent expenditure would be £15,859,000 (2016: £15,226,000) compared to income of £14,559,000, excluding capital grants of £53,000 (2016: £1,716,000).

At 31 August 2017 the net book value of fixed assets was £67,431,000 (2016: £70,093,000) and movements in tangible fixed assets are shown in note 14 to the financial statements. The assets were used exclusively in providing education and the associated support services to the students of the Trust.

Reserves policy

The Trustees review the level of reserves annually. This review encompasses the nature of income and expenditure stream, the need to match income with commitments and the nature of reserves.

The policy of Trustees is to build reserves to meet any statutory liabilities, to provide an adequate level of working capital for the academies and to build reserves which can be used for future educational purposes or objectives of the Trust.

The Trust funding agreement with the Secretary of State enables the Trust to "pool" monies received to impact educational outcomes as the Trust "deem fit".

Total free reserves amount to £1,491,000 including £77,000 of unrestricted reserves and £1,414,000 of restricted reserves. The level of GAG reserves available to be used for future educational purposes is £1,178,000 (2016: £1,078,000). The level of free reserves is maintained at this level in order to meet the short term shortfall in funding as the trust enters into a lagged funding regime (see principal risks below).

Investments policy

The Trustees have a conservative outlook to investments and are content to look at investments with minimal risk. The investment strategy is to use a "sweep" facility to move cash in excess of £10,000 into a consolidated special interest bearing account on which an enhanced interest rate is paid. In addition to this a money market call account it used to invest sums not required in the short time to improve the level of return obtained on funds held. This strategy together with the lack of transitional bank charges on our current accounts leaves us to believe we are getting a satisfactory return on the excess cash we hold.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

Principal risks and uncertainties

Due to our improvement in educational performance, numbers in Year 7, particularly at Darlaston, have increased.

Due to lagged funding the Trust has had to decide how to deal with the first year funding shortfall whilst still maintaining educational outcomes.

The Trust agreed to use its existing reserves to support the academies during this time and to review the individual academy Pupil Admission Numbers (PAN) on a regular basis.

A continuing risk is our pension liability, valued in line with FRS102, which continues to cause concern for Grace Academy, as it does with all other academies in the UK. The notes to the financial statements explains these commitments more clearly and shows that as at 31 August 2017 we had a shortfall of £6,972,000 (2016: £5,822,000) for the West Midlands Pension Fund, an increase of 1,150 during the year.

Plans for future periods

The Trust continues to focus on its key objective of improving student performance and raising aspirations in areas of relatively high deprivation. Operationally the focus is on improving the quality of teaching taking place in each of its academies with a strong held belief that improvements in the quality of teaching will improve both the pace of improvement and the academic outcomes for our students. Each academy has its own challenges in raising standards and to development of the "whole person" so as the students become caring, confident and compassionate citizens. The Trustees, Governors and Grace Academy Staff are committed to this objective.

Funds held as custodian

The Trust acts as an agent in distributing bursary funds and grants from the ESFA and other government bodies. Payments received and subsequent disbursements to students are excluded from the statement of financial activities as the trust does not have control over the charitable application of the funds. In some instances the trust can use a % if the allocation towards its own administration costs and this is recognised in the statement of financial activities. The funds received and paid and any balances held are disclosed in notes to the financial statements.

TRUSTEES' REPORT (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

Disclosure of information to auditor

Insofar as the Trustees are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditors are unaware, and
- that Trustees have taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Trustee in order to be aware of
 any relevant audit information and to establish that the charitable company's auditor is aware of that
 information.

Auditor

A resolution proposing that Crowe Clark Whitehill be reappointed auditor of the Charitable Company will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

The Trustees' report, incorporating a strategic report, was approved by order of the Board of Trustees, as the company directors, on 8 November 2017 and signed on its behalf by:

Lord Edmiston Chairman

GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Scope of Responsibility

As Trustees, we acknowledge we have overall responsibility for ensuring that Grace Academy has an effective and appropriate system of control, financial and otherwise. However such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The Board of Trustees has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Chief Executive Officer, as Accounting Officer, for ensuring financial controls conform with the requirements of both propriety and good financial management and in accordance with the requirements and responsibilities assigned to it in the funding agreement between Grace Academy and the Secretary of State for Education. They are also responsible for reporting to the Board of Trustees any material weaknesses or breakdowns in internal control.

Governance

The information on governance included here supplements that described in the Trustees' report and in the Statement of Trustees' responsibilities.

The Board of Trustees has several committees that each focus on specific aspects associated with effective governance. These include Finance, Personnel, Staffing, Appeals, Local Governing Bodies and Academy Interim Board.

The Board of Trustees has formally met 4 times during the year. The main challenge of the Governing Board was to ensure that all three academies in the group become more effective though the improvement in outcomes for students. Significant progress was made regarding improvement during the year with two of the three academies being judged to be 'good' by Ofsted. The Board had robust plans in place to ensure that provision and outcomes at each academy improve during the year. A further and on-going challenge, has been to increase the pupil numbers. Again, significant progress has been made with two of the academies how at capacity with their Year 7 pupils. The Board has remained focused on ensuring Grace Academy Coventry builds on its "requires improvement" judgement with a focused strategy on raising the quality of teaching. Again, this showed significant improvement during the year following its removal from special measures in January 2016.

The Board of Trustees also commissioned a review of governance across the group. This review supported the current structure and made some recommendations regarding further clarification of roles and expectations which the board is keen to implement.

Attendance during the year at meetings of the Board of Trustees was as follows:

Trustee	Meetings attended	Out of a possible
T Boxall	3	4
T Edmiston	4	4
R Edmiston	4	4
I Baker	4	4
G Spicer	.4	4
S Chase	3	4
C Staley	3	4
A Edmiston	3	3

Two new Trustees were appointed during the year, one with extensive knowledge of the education sector and one with an extensive business understanding to bring additional challenge and insight into the work of the Board.

The Board of Trustees regularly review its membership to ensure a good level of experience exists at this level.

GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (continued)

The Finance Committee met at least 6 times in the year. The principle functions of this committee included but was not limited to:

- Acting as the Audit Committee and oversee the preparation, presentation and submission of the annual accounts;
- · To appoint and oversee all arrangements pertaining to internal and external audit;
- · To oversee the setting, monitoring and reporting of the group academy budget and financial procedures.

Attendance at meetings in the year was as follows:

Committee member	Meetings attended	Out of a possible
T Boxall	7	7
G Spicer	6	7
l Baker	7	7
J Clarke*	4	7
R Turton	2	7

^{*} J Clarke is in attendance when the committee discusses audit matters but does not hold any voting rights.

Each Academy has a Local Governing Body (LGB) except where the board of trustees has put in place an Academy Improvement Board (AIB) on a temporary basis to help drive up standards and achievement more rapidly. The Board of Trustees suspended the LGB at Grace Academy Solihull as from 31 August 2014 and put an AIB to replace this as from 1 September 2014. The board of trustees suspended the LGB at Grace Academy Coventry as from 18 January 2015 and put an AIB to replace this as from 19 January 2015. Both of these governance structures remained in place during the past year.

These groups are accountable for ensuring that high quality provision leading to high outcomes exists by working closely with the Principal and senior leaders in their academy. They meet on at least 6 occasions a year although the AIB at both Grace Academy Solihull and Grace Academy Coventry met much more frequently than this. Improvements have been achieved with these structures in place and Ofsted commended the AIB at Solihull for its work in ensuring rapid and significant improvement.

Review of Value for Money

The educational focus of the Trust continues to be ensuring that our students achieve the highest level of success that they are able to. Each Academy has improved its overall educational performance since becoming part of the Trust, however significant challenges remain as to the pace of improvement, the comparison with the national benchmarks for academies achievement and the individual performance of a cohort within a particular academic year. The Grace Academy Trust remains fully committed to the sustainable improvement and transformation of educational standards and performance in the Academies to ensure that each Academy delivers good and outstanding educational performance. In addition Grace is committed to developing the whole student to be a "considerate and inspiring individual who contributes to society" and many students have realised goals and ambitions in line with his aim over the past twelve months.

To ensure that the operation of the Trust demonstrates good value for money and efficient and effective use of resources, the Trust benchmarks financial performance of each academy against other academies.

Tender exercises are carried out to ensure that high value contracts are assessed against the marketplace on a regular basis to ensure that long term contracts remain competitive.

The Trust believes that the academy should be at the heart of the community and to that end the Trust endeavours to ensure that academy facilities are not only used for the benefit of the students but also the wider community. In addition the Trust considers all ways to generate additional income and reliable revenue streams.

GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (continued)

The Purpose of the System of Internal Control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an ongoing process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of Academy Trust policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in Grace Academy for the year 1 September 2016 to 31 August 2017 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

Capacity to Handle Risk

The Board of Trustees has reviewed the key risks to which the Academy Trust is exposed together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The Board of Trustees is of the view that there is a formal ongoing process for identifying, evaluating and managing the Academy Trust's significant risks, that has been in place for the year 1 September 2016 to 31 August 2017 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements. This process is regularly reviewed by the Board of Trustees.

The Risk and Control Framework

The Academy Trust's system of internal financial control is based on a framework of regular management information and administrative procedures including the segregation of duties and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

- comprehensive budgeting and monitoring systems with an annual budget and periodic financial reports which are reviewed and agreed by the Board of Trustees;
- regular reviews by the finance committee of reports which indicate financial performance against the forecasts and of major purchase plans, capital works and expenditure programmes;
- · setting targets to measure financial and other performance;
- clearly defined purchasing (asset purchase or capital investment) guidelines;
- · delegation of authority and segregation of duties;
- · identification and management of risks.

The Board of Trustees has considered the need for a specific internal audit function and has decided to appoint R Turton as internal auditor.

The internal auditor's role includes giving advice on financial matters and performing a range of checks on the Academy Trust's financial systems.

On a termly basis, the internal auditor reports to the Board of Trustees through the finance committee on the operation of the systems of control and on the discharge of the Board of Trustees' financial responsibilities.

These arrangements can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are authorised and properly recorded and that material errors or irregularities are either prevented or would be detected within a timely period.

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GOVERNANCE STATEMENT (continued)

Review of Effectiveness

As Accounting Officer, the Chief Executive Officer has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. During the year in question the review has been informed by:

- the work of the internal auditor;
- the work of the external auditor;
- the financial management and governance self-assessment process;
- the work of the executive managers within the Academy Trust who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework.

The Accounting Officer has been advised of the implications of the result of their review of the system of internal control by the internal auditor and a plan to ensure continuous improvement of the system is in place.

Approved by order of the members of the Board of Trustees on 8 November 2017 and signed on their behalf, by:

Lord Edmiston Chairman J Clarke
Accounting Officer

STATEMENT ON REGULARITY, PROPRIETY AND COMPLIANCE

As Accounting Officer of Grace Academy I have considered my responsibility to notify the academy trust Board of Trustees and the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) of material irregularity, impropriety and non-compliance with ESFA terms and conditions of funding, under the funding agreement in place between the academy trust and the Secretary of State for Education. As part of my consideration I have had due regard to the requirements of the Academies Financial Handbook 2016.

I confirm that I and the academy trust Board of Trustees are able to identify any material irregular or improper use of funds by the academy trust, or material non-compliance with the terms and conditions of funding under the academy trust's funding agreement and the Academies Financial Handbook 2016.

I confirm that no instances of material irregularity, impropriety or funding non-compliance have been discovered to date. If any instances are identified after the date of this statement, these will be notified to the Board of Trustees and ESFA.

JClarke

Accounting Officer

Date: 8 November 2017

(A company limited by guarantee)

STATEMENT OF TRUSTEES' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

The Trustees (who act as governors of Grace Academy and are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with the Annual Accounts Direction issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency, United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under company law the Trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles of the Charities SORP 2015 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2016 to 2017;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards (FRS 102) have been followed, subject to any
 material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Trustees are responsible for ensuring that in its conduct and operation the charitable company applies financial and other controls, which conform with the requirements both of propriety and of good financial management. They are also responsible for ensuring grants received from ESFA/DfE have been applied for the purposes intended.

The Trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Approved by order of the members of the Board of Trustees on 8 November 2017 and signed on its behalf by:

Lord Edmiston
Chair of Trustees

(A company limited by guarantee)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE MEMBERS OF GRACE ACADEMY

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Grace Academy for the year ended 31 August 2017 which comprise the Statement of financial activities, the Balance sheet, the Statement of cash flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law, United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', the Charities SORP 2015 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2016 to 2017 issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

This report is made solely to the charitable company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charitable company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and its members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charitable company's affairs as at 31 August 2017 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006, the Charities SORP 2015 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2016 to 2017 issued by the Education and Skills Funding Agency.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Academy Trust in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
 cast significant doubt about the charitable company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis
 of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE MEMBERS OF GRACE ACADEMY

Other information

The Trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, other than the financial statements and our Auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Trustees' Report including the Strategic Report for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.
- the Trustees' Report and the Strategic Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the Academy Trust and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Trustees' Report including the Strategic Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Trustees' remunerations specified by law not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' responsibilities, the Trustees (who are also the directors of the Academy Trust for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE MEMBERS OF GRACE ACADEMY

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustees are responsible for assessing the Academy Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to liquidate the charitable company's or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. The description forms part of our Auditor's report.

Helen Drew (Senior statutory a

for and on behalf of

Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP

Statutory Auditor

Black Country House Rounds Green Road Oldbury West Midlands B69 2DG 8 November 2017

INDEPENDENT REPORTING ACCOUNTANT'S ASSURANCE REPORT ON REGULARITY TO GRACE ACADEMY AND THE EDUCATION AND SKILLS FUNDING AGENCY

In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 9 June 2017 and further to the requirements of the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) as included in the Academies Accounts Direction 2016 to 2017, we have carried out an engagement to obtain limited assurance about whether the expenditure disbursed and income received by Grace Academy during the year 1 September 2016 to 31 August 2017 have been applied to the purposes identified by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

This report is made solely to Grace Academy and the ESFA in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to Grace Academy and the ESFA those matters we are required to state in a report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Grace Academy and the ESFA, for our work, for this report, or for the conclusion we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Grace Academy's accounting officer and the reporting accountant

The Accounting Officer is responsible, under the requirements of Grace Academy's funding agreement with the Secretary of State for Education dated 4 August 2014, and the Academies Financial Handbook extant from 1 September 2016, for ensuring that expenditure disbursed and income received is applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

Our responsibilities for this engagement are established in the United Kingdom by our profession's ethical guidance and are to obtain limited assurance and report in accordance with our engagement letter and the requirements of the Academies Accounts Direction 2016 to 2017. We report to you whether anything has come to our attention in carrying out our work which suggests that in all material respects, expenditure disbursed and income received during the year 1 September 2016 to 31 August 2017 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament or that the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Approach

We conducted our engagement in accordance with the Academies Accounts Direction 2016 to 2017 issued by the ESFA. We performed a limited assurance engagement as defined in our engagement letter.

The objective of a limited assurance engagement is to perform such procedures as to obtain information and explanations in order to provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express a negative conclusion on regularity.

A limited assurance engagement is more limited in scope than a reasonable assurance engagement and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in a reasonable assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express a positive opinion.

Our engagement includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the regularity and propriety of the Academy Trust's income and expenditure. The work undertaken to draw our conclusion includes a review of the design and implementation of the Trust's internal controls and review processes on regularity, supported by detailed tests on samples of costs incurred by the Trust and specific transactions identified from our review.

INDEPENDENT REPORTING ACCOUNTANT'S ASSURANCE REPORT ON REGULARITY TO GRACE ACADEMY AND THE EDUCATION AND SKILLS FUNDING AGENCY (continued)

Conclusion

In the course of our work, nothing has come to our attention which suggests that in all material respects the expenditure disbursed and income received during the year 1 September 2016 to 31 August 2017 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Crowe Clark Whitehill LLP

Chartered Accountants
Black Country House
Rounds Green Road
Oldbury

West Midlands

B69 2DG

8 November 2017

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES INCORPORATING INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

				Restricted		
		Unrestricted	Restricted	fixed asset	Total	Total
		funds	funds	funds	funds	funds
	80 4	2017	2017	2017	2017	2016
	Note	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Income from:						
Donations and capital grants Funding for academy trust's	2	-	420	53	473	2,117
educational operations	3	312	13,625	-	13,937	14,313
Other trading activities	4	187	-	-	187	199
Investments	5	15	-	-	15	14
Total income		514	14,045	53	14,612	16,643
Expenditure on:						
Raising funds Academy trusts educational		155	3	-	158	23
operations		312	15,567	2,760	18,639	18,014
Total expenditure	6	467	15,570	2,760	18,797	18,037
Net income / (expenditure) before transfers Transfers between Funds	19	47	(1,525) 1,004	(2,707) (1,004)	(4,185)	(1,394)
Net income / (expenditure) before other recognised gains and losses		47	(521)	(3,711)	(4,185)	(4.204)
-		71	(321)	(3,711)	(4,105)	(1,394)
Actuarial losses on defined benefit pension schemes	22	-	(554)		(554)	(3,037)
Net movement in funds		47	(1,075)	(3,711)	(4,739)	(4,431)
Reconciliation of funds:						
Total funds brought forward		30	(4,483)	72,404	67,951	72,382
Total funds carried forward		77	(5,558)	68,693	63,212	67,951

The notes on pages 26 to 52 form part of these financial statements.

(A company limited by guarantee) REGISTERED NUMBER: 04967658

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 AUGUST 2017

	Note	£000	2017 £000	£000	2016 £000
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	13		-		66
Tangible assets	14		67,431		70,027
		, -	67,431	-	70,093
Current assets					
Stocks	15	24		44	
Debtors	16	920		1,886	
Cash at bank and in hand		3,216	17-	3,146	
	_	4,160	-	5,076	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	17	(1,407)		(1,396)	
Net current assets	_		2,753	,	3,680
Total assets less current liabilities		÷=	70,184	_	73,773
Defined benefit pension scheme liability	22		(6,972)		(5,822)
Net assets including pension scheme liabilities		_	63,212		67,951
Funds of the academy					
Restricted income funds:					
Restricted income funds	19	1,414		1,339	
Pension reserve	19	(6,972)		(5,822)	
Restricted fixed asset funds	19	68,693	_	72,404	
Total restricted income funds			63,135		67,921
Unrestricted income funds	19		77	· ·	30
Total funds			63,212		67,951
		_		=	

The financial statements on pages 23 to 52 were approved by the Trustees, and authorised for issue, on 8 November 2017 and are signed on their behalf, by:

Lord Edmistor Chair of Trustees

The notes on pages 26 to 52 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

	Note	2017 £000	2016 £000
Cash flows from operating activities			2000
Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	24	185	(570)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest receivable		15	14
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(183)	(237)
Capital grants from DfE/ESFA		53	372
Net cash (used in)/provided by investing activities	-	(115)	149
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year		70	(421)
Cash and cash equivalents brought forward		3,146	3,567
	-		
Cash and cash equivalents carried forward	25	3,216	3,146
	=		

The notes on pages 26 to 52 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1. Accounting Policies

A summary of the principal accounting policies adopted (which have been applied consistently, except where noted), judgments and key sources of estimation uncertainty, is set out below.

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements of the Academy Trust, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS102), the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102)(Charities SORP (FRS102)), the Academies Accounts Direction 2016 to 2017 issued by the ESFA, the Charities Act 2011 and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2 Company status

The Academy Trust is a company limited by guarantee, incorporated and registered in England and Wales (registration no. 04967658). The registered office is The Pavilion, Manor Drive, Coleshill, West Midlands, B46 1DL. The members of the company are the Trustees named on page 1. In the event of the Academy Trust being wound up, the liability in respect of the guarantee is limited to £10 per member of the Academy Trust.

1.3 Going concern

The Trustees assess whether the use of going concern is appropriate, i.e. whether there are any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Academy Trust to continue as a going concern. The Trustees make this assessment in respect of a period of at least one year from the date of authorisation for issue of the financial statements and have concluded that the academy trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and there are no material uncertainties about the Academy Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements

1.4 Fund accounting

Unrestricted income funds represent those resources which may be used towards meeting any of the charitable objects of the Academy Trust at the discretion of the Trustees.

Restricted fixed asset funds are resources which are to be applied to specific capital purposes imposed by the Department for Education where the asset acquired or created is held for a specific purpose.

Restricted general funds comprise all other restricted funds received with restrictions imposed by the funder and include grants from the Department for Education.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

1.5 Income

All income is recognised once the Academy Trust has entitlement to the income, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount of income receivable can be measured reliably.

Grants are included in the Statement of financial activities on a receivable basis. The balance of income received for specific purposes but not expended during the period is shown in the relevant funds on the Balance sheet. Where income is received in advance of entitlement of receipt, its recognition is deferred and included in creditors as deferred income. Where entitlement occurs before income is received, the income is accrued.

General Annual Grant is recognised in full in the Statement of financial activities in the year for which it is receivable and any abatement in respect of the period is deducted from income and recognised as a liability.

Capital grants are recognised when there is entitlement and are not deferred over the life of the asset on which they are expended. Unspent amounts of capital grant are reflected in the balance in the restricted fixed asset fund.

Sponsorship income provided to the Academy Trust which amounts to a donation is recognised in the Statement of financial activities in the period in which it is receivable, where receipt is probable and it is measurable.

Donations are recognised on a receivable basis where receipt is probable and the amount can be reliably measured.

Other income, including the hire of facilities, is recognised in the period in which it is receivable and to the extent the goods have been provided or on completion of the service.

Donated services are included at fair value and recognised as income from charitable activities.

Where the donated good is a fixed asset it is measured at fair value, unless it is impractical to measure this reliably, in which case the cost of the item to the donor should be used. The gain is recognised as income from donations and a corresponding amount is included in the appropriate fixed asset category and depreciated over the useful economic life in accordance with the Academy Trust's accounting policies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

1.6 Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

Expenditure on raising funds includes all expenditure incurred by the Academy Trust to raise funds for its charitable purposes and includes costs of all fundraising activities events and non-charitable trading.

Expenditure on charitable activities are costs incurred on the Academy Trust's educational operations, including support costs and those costs relating to the governance of the Academy Trust appointed to charitable activities.

All expenditure is inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

1.7 Intangible fixed assets and amortisation

Intangible assets costing £2,500 or more are capitalised and recognised when future economic benefits are probable and the cost or value of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost net of amortisation and any provision for impairment

Amortisation is provided at the following rates:

Purchased computer software - 25%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

1.8 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

All assets costing more than £2,500 are capitalised and are carried at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Subsequent costs are capitalised only when it is probable that such costs will generate further economic benefits. All other costs of repairs and maintenance are charged to the Statement of Financial Activities as incurred.

Where tangible fixed assets have been acquired with the aid of specific grants, either from the government or from the private sector, they are included in the Balance sheet at cost and depreciated over their expected useful economic life. Where there are specific conditions attached to the funding requiring the continued use of the asset, the related grants are credited to a restricted fixed asset fund in the Statement of financial activities and carried forward in the Balance sheet. Depreciation on the relevant assets is charged directly to the restricted fixed asset fund in the Statement of financial activities. Where tangible fixed assets have been acquired with unrestricted funds, depreciation on such assets is charged to the unrestricted fund.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset on a straight line basis over its expected useful life as follows:

Long-term leasehold Buildings - 2.5%
Motor vehicles - 33.3%
Furniture and equipment - 25.0%
Equipment - 25%
Computer equipment - 25%
Leasehold improvements - 20%

Assets in the course of construction are included at cost. Depreciation on these assets is not charged until they are brought into use.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of any fixed asset may not be recoverable. Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts are recognised as impairments. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of financial activities.

1.9 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the Statement of financial activities on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.10 Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value less costs to complete and sell, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

1.11 Liabilities and provisions

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the academy trust anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide.

Provisions are recognised when the academy trust has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event which it is probable will result in the transfer of economic benefits and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised within interest payable and similar charges.

1.12 Financial instruments

The Academy Trust only holds basic financial instruments as defined in FRS 102. The financial assets and financial liabilities of the Academy Trust and their measurement basis are as follows:

Financial assets - trade and other debtors are basic financial instruments and are debt instruments measured at amortised cost as detailed in note 16. Prepayments are not financial instruments. Cash at bank is classified as a basic financial instrument and is measured at face value.

Financial liabilities - trade creditors, accruals and other creditors are financial instruments, and are measured at amortised costs as detailed in note 17. Taxation and social security are not included in the financial instruments disclosure definition. Deferred income is not deemed to be a financial liability, as the cash settlement has already taken place and there is an obligation to deliver services rather than cash or another financial instruments.

1.13 Taxation

The Academy Trust is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes.

Accordingly, the Academy Trust is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

(A company limited by guarantee)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

1.14 Pension Benefits

Retirement benefits to employees of the academy trust are provided by the Teachers' Pension Scheme ("TPS") and the Local Governments Pension Scheme ("LGPS"). These are defined benefit schemes.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme and contributions are calculated so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the Academy Trust in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll. The contributions are determined by the Government Actuary on the basis of quadrennial valuations using a prospective unit credit method. As stated in note 22, the TPS is a multi-employer scheme and there is insufficient information available to use defined benefit accounting. The TPS is therefore treated as a defined contribution scheme for accounting purposes and the contributions recognised in the period to which they relate.

The LGPS is a funded scheme and the assets are held separately from those of the academy trust in separate trustee administered funds. Pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method and discounted at a rate equivalent to the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liabilities. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each Balance sheet date. The amounts charged to operating surplus are the current service costs and the costs of scheme introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs as incurred. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability/asset is also recognised in the Statement of financial activities incorporating income and expenditure account and comprises the interest cost on the defined benefit obligation and interest income on the scheme assets, calculated by multiplying the fair value of the scheme assets at the beginning of the period by the rate used to discount the benefit obligations. The difference between the interest income on the scheme assets and the actual return on the scheme assets is recognised in other recognised gains and losses.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in other recognised gains and losses.

1.15 Agency arrangements

The Trust acts as an agent in distributing bursary funds and grants from the ESFA and other government bodies. Payments received and subsequent disbursements to students are excluded from the Statement of financial activities as the Trust does not have control over the charitable application of the funds. In some instances the Trust can use a % of the allocation towards its own administration costs and this is recognised in the Statement of financial activities. The funds received and paid and any balances held are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

1.16 Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgment

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions:

The Academy Trust makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

The present value of the Local Government Pension Scheme defined benefit liability depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions, which are disclosed in note 22, will impact the carrying amount of the pension liability. Furthermore a roll forward approach which projects results from the latest full actuarial valuation performed at 31 March 2016 has been used by the actuary in valuing the pensions liability at 31 August 2017. Any differences between the figures derived from the roll forward approach and a full actuarial valuation would impact on the carrying amount of the pension liability.

2. Income from donations and capital grants

	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Total
	funds	funds	funds	funds
	2017	2017	2017	2016
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Related Party donations	-	401	401	383
Miscellaneous grants and donations		19	19	18
Capital grants		53	53	1,716
	_	473	473	<u>2,117</u>
Total 2016		2,117	2,117	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

3.	Funding f	or Academy	's educational o	perations
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runding for Academy's educational oper	iations			
	Unrestricted funds 2017	Restricted funds 2017	Total funds 2017	As restated Total funds 2016
	2000	£000	£000	£000
DfE/ESFA grants				
General Annual Grant Start Up grants	-	12,339 26	12,339 26	12,553 45
Pupil Premium grants 16-19 Bursary grants	-	935 2	935 2	982 3
Other DfE/ESFA grants Local Authority grants	-	188 135	188 135	161 121
Catering income	277	-	277	264
Income from educational trips and activities Other education-related income	35 -	-	35 -	85 99
	312	13,625	13,937	14,313 =====
Total 2016	377	13,936	14,313	
Other trading activities				
	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Total funds	Total funds

	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total	Total
	funds	funds	funds	funds
	2017	2017	2017	2016
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Hire of facilities	106	-	106	87
Uniform sales	1	-	1	32
Miscellaneous sales income	80	-	80	80
	187		187	199
Total 2016	197	2	199	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

5.	Investment income					
				Unrestricted funds	Total funds	Total
				2017	2017	funds 2016
				£000	£000	£000
	Bank interest			15	15	14
					3	
	Total 2016			14	14	
6.	Expenditure					
		Staff costs	Premises	Other costs	Total	Total
		2017	2017	2017	2017	2016
		£000	£000	€000	£000	£000
	Expenditure on raising		450		4.55	
	funds	-	158	-	158	23
	Academies' educational operations:					
	Direct costs	9,124	2,532	914	12,570	13,158
	Support costs	2,426	2,045	1,598	6,069	4,856
		11,550	4,735	2,512	18,797	18,037
	Total 2016	11,467	2,766	3,804	18,037	
7.	Support costs					
	• •				Total	Total
					2017	2016
					£000	£000
	Catering				496	476
	Technology costs				290	257
	Heat and light Repairs and maintenance of	nremises and ed	nuinment		262 1,233	318 325
	Rent, rates and water charge		gaipinant		226	263
	Other support costs				835	1,085
	Governance costs				139	113
	Wages and salaries Depreciation				2,426 162	1,892 127
	•					
					6,069	4,856
	At 31 August 2016				4,856	
	-					

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

7. Support costs (continued)

During the year ended 31 August 2017, the Academy Trust incurred governance costs in relation to legal and statutory audit costs.

8. Net income/(expenditure)

This is stated after charging:

	2017 £000	2016 £000
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets:	2,694	2,697
Amortisation of intangible fixed assets	66	67
Auditor's remuneration - audit of financial statements	18	19
Auditor's remuneration - non audit services	2	2
Operating leases	29	22
		1

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

9. Staff costs

Staff costs were as follows:

	2017 £000	2016 £000
Wages and salaries	8,337	8,735
Social security costs	829	770
Operating costs of defined benefit pension schemes	1,916	1,216
	11,082	10,721
Agency staff	273	446
Seconded staff	126	98
Other staff costs	52	202
Apprenticeship levy	17	-
	11,550	11,467

The average number of persons employed by the Academy Trust during the year was as follows:

	2017 No.	2016 No.
Management	32	33
Teachers	126	137
Educational support and administration	120	141
	278	311
	-	

The number of employees whose employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs) exceeded £60,000 was:

	2017	2016	
	No.	No.	
In the band £60,001 - £70,000	3	2	
In the band £70,001 - £80,000	2	1	
In the band £80,001 - £90,000	1	0	
In the band £90,001 - £100,000	1	3	
In the band £100,001 - £110,000	2	2	

10. Trustees' and Officers' Insurance

In accordance with normal commercial practice the academy purchases insurance to protect Trustees and officers from claims arising from negligent acts, errors or omissions occurring whilst on academy business.

In prior years, this insurance was purchased through a supplier however this year the Trustees are covered under the RPA arrangement that the Trust has entered into with the ESFA. The insurance provides cover up to £10,000,000 on any one claim and the cost for the year ended 31 August 2017 was included as part of the RPA costs. (2016 - £1,913).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

11. Trustees' remuneration and expenses

Trustees of the company did not receive any payment from the company (2016: £nil) in respect of their role as trustees. Reimbursement of travel and subsistence expenses amounting to £325 were paid to 2 trustees (2016: 4 trustees £3,578).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

12. Related party transactions

Grace Academy entered into a number of related party transactions which are for the benefit of the trust. During 2014 the trust invited the Education Skills Funding Agency to take a view on related party transactions and their view was "we are fully satisfied that the related party transactions disclosed in the trust's Financial Statements to 31 August 2013 do not represent an improper use of the ESFA's funds."

All procurement transactions involving related parties are required to be conducted in accordance with the trust's financial regulations and the ESFA's Academies Financial Handbook, and are on a comparable basis to previous years. In this regard the trust is satisfied that it has complied with the requirements of the Academies Financial Handbook 2016. The following related party transactions took place in the period of account.

- a) Included within incoming resources is £300,000 (2016 £300,000), gifted by Grace Foundation, a charity set up by Lord Edmiston. Four of the trustees of Grace Academy are also trustees of Grace Foundation.
- b) Christian Vision made a gift to Grace Academy for the use of premises. As required by charity accounting, included within incoming resources and within resources expended is £61,932 (2016: £60,720). Christian Vision is a charity set up by Lord Edmiston. Three of the trustees of Grace Academy are also trustees of Christian Vision.
- c) Grace Foundation donated management services to Grace Academy. As required by charity accounting, included within incoming resources and within resources expended is £22,606 (2016: £22,163). Grace Foundation is a charity set up by Lord Edmiston. Four of the trustees of Grace Academy are also trustees of Grace Foundation.
- d) I.M. Parts & Services Limited donated an awards trip of a weekend in London to students of Grace Academy. As required by charity accounting, included within incoming resources and within resources expended is £16,367 (2016: £10,238). I.M. Parts & Services Limited is a 100% indirect subsidiary of I.M. Group Limited. The ultimate controlling party is Lord Edmiston, who owns 100% of the issued share capital of I.M. Group Limited.
- e) Included in Donations is £308 (2016:£nil) in respect of contributions made by I.M. Parts & Services Limited towards the cost of trophies for students at Grace Academy. In addition I.M. Parts & Services Limited donated in kind £14 (2016:£239) of trophies for students. I.M. Parts & Services Limited is a 100% indirect subsidiary of I.M. Group Limited. The ultimate controlling party is Lord Edmiston, who owns 100% of the issued share capital of I.M. Group Limited.
- f) Included within administration expenses is £4,681 (2016: £5,329) in respect of the reimbursement at cost of taxable benefits for senior employees and office expenses incurred on behalf of Grace Academy payable to International Motors Limited. International Motors Limited is a 100% indirect subsidiary of I.M. Group Limited. The ultimate controlling party is Lord Edmiston, who owns 100% of the issued share capital of I.M. Group Limited. The balance due to this company at 31 August 2017, included within creditors, was £30 (2016:£1,293).
- g) Included within administration expenses is £1,570 (2016: £1,102) in respect of the reimbursement at cost of taxable benefits for senior employees and office expenses incurred on behalf of Grace Academy payable to I.M. Group Limited, Lord Edmiston owns 100% of the issued share capital of I.M. Group Limited. The balance due to this company at 31 August 2017, included within creditors, was £nil (2016:£nil).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

12. Related party transactions (continued)

- h) Included within administration expenses is £696 (2016: £811) in respect of the reimbursement at cost of taxable benefits for senior employees and office expenses incurred on behalf of Grace Academy payable to Subaru (UK) Limited. Subaru (UK) Limited is a 100% indirect subsidiary of I.M. Group Limited. The ultimate controlling party is Lord Edmiston, who owns 100% of the issued share capital of I.M. Group Limited. The balance due to this company at 31 August 2017, included within creditors, was £nil (2016:£nil).
- i) Included within other support costs is £12,231 (2016: £nil) in respect of payments to Ash Education Consultants Limited for providing educational management services to Grace Academy Coventry. Ash Education Consultants Limited is 50% owned by Christine Staley a Trustee of Grace Academy. Christine Staley does not receive any remuneration for her role as a Trustee. The balance due to this company at 31 August 2017, included within creditors, was £nil (2016: £nil).

These transactions were undertaken at nil profit.

13. Intangible fixed assets

	Computer software £000
Cost	
At 1 September 2016 and 31 August 2017	345
Amortisation	
At 1 September 2016	279
Charge for the year	66
At 31 August 2017	345
Carrying amount	
At 31 August 2017	-
At 31 August 2016	66

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

14. Tangible fixed assets

	Long Leasehold property £000	Long-term leasehold improv'mts £000	Motor vehicles £000	Computer equipment £000	Furniture and equipment £000	Total £000
Cost						
At 1 September 2016 Additions Disposals Reclassifications	83,220 - - (85)	283 92 -	122 26 (22)	2,822 36 - -	3,746 29 - -	90,193 183 (22) (85)
At 31 August 2017	83,135	375	126	2,858	3,775	90,269
Depreciation						
At 1 September 2016 Charge for the year On disposals	14,018 2,114 -	213 25 -	90 25 (22)	2,360 370 -	3,485 160 -	20,166 2,694 (22)
At 31 August 2017	16,132	238	93	2,730	3,645	22,838
Net book value						
At 31 August 2017	67,003	137	33	128	130	67,431
At 31 August 2016	69,202	70	32	462	261	70,027

Grace Academy leases the land it occupies from Solihull Metropolitan Borough Council, Coventry City Council on long leases of 125 years and Walsall Metropolitan Borough Council on a temporary lease until the formal handover of new premises for a peppercorn rent, if demanded. No such charges have been made during the year.

15. Stocks

	Goods for sale	2017 £000 24	2016 £000 44
16.	Debtors		
		2017 £000	2016 £000
	Trade debtors Other debtors	35 5	16
	Prepayments HMRC debtor	374 267	363 162
	Grants Receivable	239	1,344
		920	1,886

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

17. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year 2017 2016 £000 £000 Trade creditors 629 444 Pension costs 165 156 **ESFA** creditor 271 16 Other taxation and social security 208 237 Other creditors 5 Accruals and deferred income 384 281 1,407 1,396 2017 2016 £000 £000 Deferred income Deferred income at 1 September 2016 46 31 Resources deferred during the year 166 46 Amounts released from previous years (46)(31)166 Deferred income at 31 August 2017 46

At 31 August 2017 Grace Academy was holding in deferred income funds received in advance for government grants, lettings, income received for trips taking place in the next academic year and income for unfulfilled uniform sales.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

18. Central services

The Academy Trust has provided the following central services to its academies during the year:

- Payroll and HR services;
- Educational support services ;
- Public relations services:
- Communications services;
- Financial services;
- Audit services;
- Insurance:
- Marketing services;
- Legal services;
- Purchasing and procurement services;
- Community services;
- Governance.

The trust charges for these services based on 5% of the general annual grant (2016: 6% of total grant income).

The actual amounts charged during the year were as follows:

	2017	2016
	£000	£000
Grace Academy Coventry	271	299
Grace Academy Darlaston	199	247
Grace Academy Solihuli	193	235
Total	663	781
IOIAI		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

19. Statement of funds

	Balance at 1 Sept 2016 £000	Income £000	Expenditure £000	Transfers in/out £000	Gains/ (Losses) £000	Balance at 31 August 2017 £000
Unrestricted funds						
General Funds - all funds	30	514	(467)			77
Restricted funds						
Other Restricted funds General Annual Grant	261	1,706	(1,731)	-	-	236
(GAG)	1,078	12,339	(13,243)	1,004	-	1,178
Pension reserve	(5,822)	-	(596)	-	(554)	(6,972)
	(4,483)	14,045	(15,570)	1,004	(554)	(5,558)
Restricted fixed asset fu	nds					
Restricted Fixed Asset						
Funds - all funds	72,404	53	(2,760)	(1,004)	-	68,693
Total restricted funds	67,921	14,098	(18,330)	-	(554)	63,135
Total of funds	67,951	14,612	(18,797)	-	(554)	63,212
Statement of funds - price	or year					
	Dataman at d			Tuenefeu	0-:	Balance at
	Balance at 1 Sept 2016	Income	Expenditure	Transfers in/out	Gains/	31 August 2016
	£000	£000	£000	£000	(Losses) £000	£000
Unrestricted funds						
General Funds - all funds	8	680	(658)	-	-	30
	8	680	(658)	-	_	30
				i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		
Restricted funds						
General Annual Grant (GAG)	1,337	12,695	(12,929)	_	(25)	1,078
Other restricted funds	348	1,552	(1,639)	_	(20)	261
Pension reserve	(2,671)	-,	(114)	-	(3,037)	(5,822)
	(986)	14,247	(14,682)		(3,062)	(4,483)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

19. Statement of funds (continued)

Restricted fixed asset funds

Restricted Fixed Asset						
Funds - all funds	73,360	1,716	(2,697)	**	25	72,404
	73,360	1,716	(2,697)	-	25	72,404
Total restricted funds	72,374	15,963	(17,379)	-	(3,037)	67,921
Total of funds	72,382	16,643	(18,037)		(3,037)	67,951
	-					

The specific purposes for which the funds are to be applied are as follows:

General Annual Grant (GAG) must be used for the normal running costs of an Academy Trust. Under the funding agreement with the Secretary of State, the Academy Trust was not subject to a limit on the amount of GAG that it could carry forward at 31 August 2017.

Other restricted funds were funded by government grants or donations from sponsors for specific purposes.

Restricted fixed asset funds were funded by government grants or sponsor donations and includes unspent capital grants.

Analysis of academies by fund balance

Fund balances at 31 August 2017 were allocated as follows:

	lotai	rotar
	2017	2016
	£000	£000
Grace Academy Coventry	462	144
Grace Academy Darlaston	281	406
Grace Academy Solihull	(122)	71
Grace Academy Foundation	870	748
Total before fixed asset fund and pension reserve	1,491	1,369
Restricted fixed asset fund	68,693	72,404
Pension reserve	(6,972)	(5,822)
Total	63,212	67,951

Tatal

Total

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

19. Statement of funds (continued)

Analysis of academies by cost

Expenditure incurred by each academy during the year was as follows:

	Teaching and educational support staff costs £000	Other support staff costs £000	Educational supplies £000	Other costs excluding depreciat- ion £000	Total 2017 £000	Total 2016 £000
Grace Academy	A 337	74.4	420	000	4 500	E 045
Coventry Grace Academy	2,777	714	132	906	4,529	5,315
Darlaston	3,114	608	152	901	4,775	4,530
Grace Academy Solihull Grace Academy	3,012	699	200	1,753	5,664	4,654
Foundation	221	405	-	443	1,069	774
	9,124	2,426	484	4,003	16,037	15,273

20. Analysis of net assets between funds

	Unrestricted funds 2017 £000	Restricted funds 2017	Restricted fixed asset funds 2017 £000	Total funds 2017 £000
Tangible fixed assets	-	2	67,431	67,433
Current assets Creditors due within one year	77 -	2,821 (1,409)	1,262 -	4,160 (1,409)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	•	(6,972)	-	(6,972)
	77	(5,558)	68,693	63,212

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

20. Analysis of net assets between funds (continued)

Analysis of net assets between funds - prior year

	Unrestricted funds	Restricted funds	Restricted fixed asset funds	Total funds
	2016	2016	2016	2016
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Intangible fixed assets	-	-	66	66
Tangible fixed assets	-	-	<i>70</i> ,027	70,027
Current assets	<i>30</i>	2,735	2,311	5,076
Creditors due within one year	-	(1,396)	-	(1,396)
Provisions for liabilities and charges	•	(5,822)	-	(5,822)
	30	(4,483)	72,404	67,951

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

21.	Capital commitments		
	At 31 August 2017 the Academy Trust had capital commitments as	follows:	
	,	2017	2016
		0003	£000
	Contracted for but not provided in these financial statements	539	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

22. Pension commitments

The Academy Trust's employees belong to two principal pension schemes: the Teacher's Pension Scheme for England and Wales (TPS) for academic and related staff; and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) for non-teaching staff, which is managed by West Midlands Metropolitan Authorities Pension Fund (WMMAPF). Both are Multi-employer defined benefit pension schemes.

The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS related to the period ended 31 March 2012 and of the LGPS 31 March 2016.

Contributions amounting to £165,000 were payable to the schemes at 31 August 2017 (2016 - 156,000) and are included within creditors.

Teachers' Pension Scheme

Introduction

The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) is a statutory, contributory, defined benefit scheme, governed by the Teachers' Pensions Regulations (2010) and, from 1 April 2014, by the Teachers' Pension Scheme Regulations 2014. Membership is automatic for full-time teachers in academies and, from 1 January 2007, automatic for teachers in part-time employment following appointment or a change of contract, although they are able to opt out.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme and members contribute on a 'pay as you go' basis – these contributions along with those made by employers are credited to the Exchequer. Retirement and other pension benefits are paid by public funds provided by Parliament.

Valuation of the Teachers' Pension Scheme

The Government Actuary, using normal actuarial principles, conducts a formal actuarial review of the TPS in accordance with the Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2014 published by HM Treasury. The aim of the review is to specify the level of future contributions. Actuarial scheme valuations are dependent on assumptions about the value of future costs, design of benefits and many other factors. The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS was carried out as at 31 March 2012 and in accordance with the Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2014. The valuation report was published by the Department for Education on 9 June 2014. The key elements of the valuation and subsequent consultation are:

- employer contribution rates set at 16.48% of pensionable pay, including a 0.08% employer administration charge;
- total scheme liabilities (pensions currently in payment and the estimated cost of future benefits) for service to the effective date of £191,500 million, and notional assets (estimated future contributions together with the notional investments held at the valuation date) of £176,600 million giving a notional past service deficit of £14,900 million;
- an employer cost cap of 10.9% of pensionable pay will be applied to future valuations;
- the assumed real rate of return is 3.0% in excess of prices and 2% in excess of earnings. The rate of real earnings growth is assumed to be 2.75%. The assumed nominal rate of return is 5.06%.

During the previous year the employer contribution rate was 14.1%. The TPS valuation for 2012 determined an employer rate of 16.4%, which was payable from September 2015. The next valuation of the TPS is currently underway based on April 2016 data, whereupon the employer contribution rate is expected to be reassessed and will be payable from 1 April 2019.

The employer's pension costs paid to TPS in the period amounted to £848,145 (2016 - £730,000).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

22. Pension commitments (continued)

A copy of the valuation report and supporting documentation is on the Teachers' Pensions website (www.teacherspensions.co.uk/news/employers/2014/06/publication-of-the-valuation-report.aspx).

Under the definitions set out in FRS 102, the TPS is a multi-employer pension scheme. The trust has accounted for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. The trust has set out above the information available on the scheme.

Local Government Pension Scheme

The LGPS is a funded defined benefit scheme, with assets held in separate trustee-administered funds. The total contribution made for the year ended 31 August 2017 was £579,000 (2016 - £486,000), of which employer's contributions totalled £418,000 (2016 - £339,000) and employees' contributions totalled £161,000 (2016 - £147,000). The agreed contribution rates for future years are 17.6% for employers and between 5.5 and 12.5% for employees.

Parliament has agreed, at the request of the Secretary of State for Education, to a guarantee that, in the event of academy closure, outstanding Local Government Pension Scheme liabilities would be met by the Department for Education. The guarantee came into force on 18 July 2013. Principal actuarial assumptions:

	2017	2015
Discount rate for scheme liabilities	2.60 %	2.20 %
Rate of increase in salaries	4.20 %	3.75 %
Rate of increase for pensions in payment / inflation	2.70 %	2.00 %
Inflation assumption (CPI)	2.70 %	2.00 %

The current mortality assumptions include sufficient allowance for future improvements in mortality rates. The assumed life expectations on retirement age 65 are:

	2017	2016
Retiring today Males Females	21.8 24.3	23.1 25.8
Retiring in 20 years Males Females	24 26.6	25.3 28.1

Sensitivity analysis	At 31 August 2017 £000
Discount rate +0.1%	19,156
Discount rate -0.1%	20,053
Mortality assumption - 1 year increase	20,280
Mortality assumption - 1 year decrease	18,941
CPI rate +0.1%	20,008
CPI rate -0.1%	19,200

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

Pension commitments (continued) 22.

The Academy Trust's share of the assets in the scheme was:

	Fair value at 31 August 2017 £000	Fair value at 31 August 2016 £000
Equities/absolute return Government bonds Other bonds Property/infrastructure Cash/liquidity Other	7,989 924 486 923 628 1,677	6,269 733 904 841 678 1,140
Total market value of assets	12,627	10,565

The actual return on scheme assets was £1,837,000 (2016 - £1,694,000).

The amounts recognised in the Statement of financial activities incorporating income and expenditure account are as follows:

	2017 £000	2016 £000
Current service cost Interest on obligations	886 123	348 100
Administrative expenses	5	5
Total	1,014	453
Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obli	gation were as follows:	

	2017 £000	2016 £000
Opening defined benefit obligation	16,387	11,326
Interest cost	359	451
Actuarial losses	2,093	4,380
Contributions by Scheme participants	161	147
Estimated benefits paid net of transfers	(287)	(265)
Current service cost	886	348
Closing defined benefit obligation	19,599	16,387

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

22. Pension commitments (continued)

Movements in the fair value of the Academy Trust's share of scheme assets:

	2017 £000	2016 £000
Opening fair value of scheme assets Estimated benefits paid net of transfers	10,565 (287)	8,655 (265)
Interest income	236	351
Actuarial losses Employer contributions	1,539 418	1,343 339
Administration costs Contributions by scheme participants	(5) 161	(5) 147
Closing fair value of scheme assets	42 627	10 565
Closing fall value of scheme assets	12,627 ====================================	10,565

23. Operating lease commitments

At 31 August 2017 the total of the Academy trust's future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases was:

	2017	2016
	0003	£000
Amounts payable:		
Within 1 year	26	28
Between 1 and 5 years	42	68
After more than 5 years	-	1
Total	69	0.7
Total	68	97

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2017

24.	Reconciliation of net movement in funds to net cash flow from opera	ting activities	
	·	2017 £000	2016 £000
	Net expenditure for the year (as per Statement of Financial Activities)	(4,185)	(1,394)
	Adjustment for:		
	Depreciation charges	2,694	2,697
	Movement in fixed asset reclassifications	85	_,
	Amortisation	66	67
	Loss on disposal of fixed assets		4
	Decrease in stocks	20	2
	Decrease in debtors	966	56
	Increase/(decrease) in creditors	11	(386)
	Capital grants and other capital income	(53)	(1,716)
	Interest receivable	(15)	(14)
	Defined benefit pension scheme cost less contributions payable	473	14
	Defined benefit pension scheme finance cost	123	100
	Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities	185	(570)
25.	Analysis of cash and cash equivalents		
		2017	2016
		£000	£000
	Cash at bank and in hand	3,216	3,146
	Total	3,216	3,146

26. Members' liability

Each member of the charitable company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of it being wound up while he/she is a member, or within one year after he/she ceases to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £ 10 for the debts and liabilities contracted before he/she ceases to be a member.

27. Agency Arrangements

The trust distributes bursary funds to students as an agent for the ESFA. In the accounting year ending 31 August 2017 the charitable company received £41,000 (2016 - £36,000) and disbursed £25,000 (2016 - £27,000) from the fund. An amount of £16,000 (2016 - £9,000) is included in other creditors relating to undistributed funds.